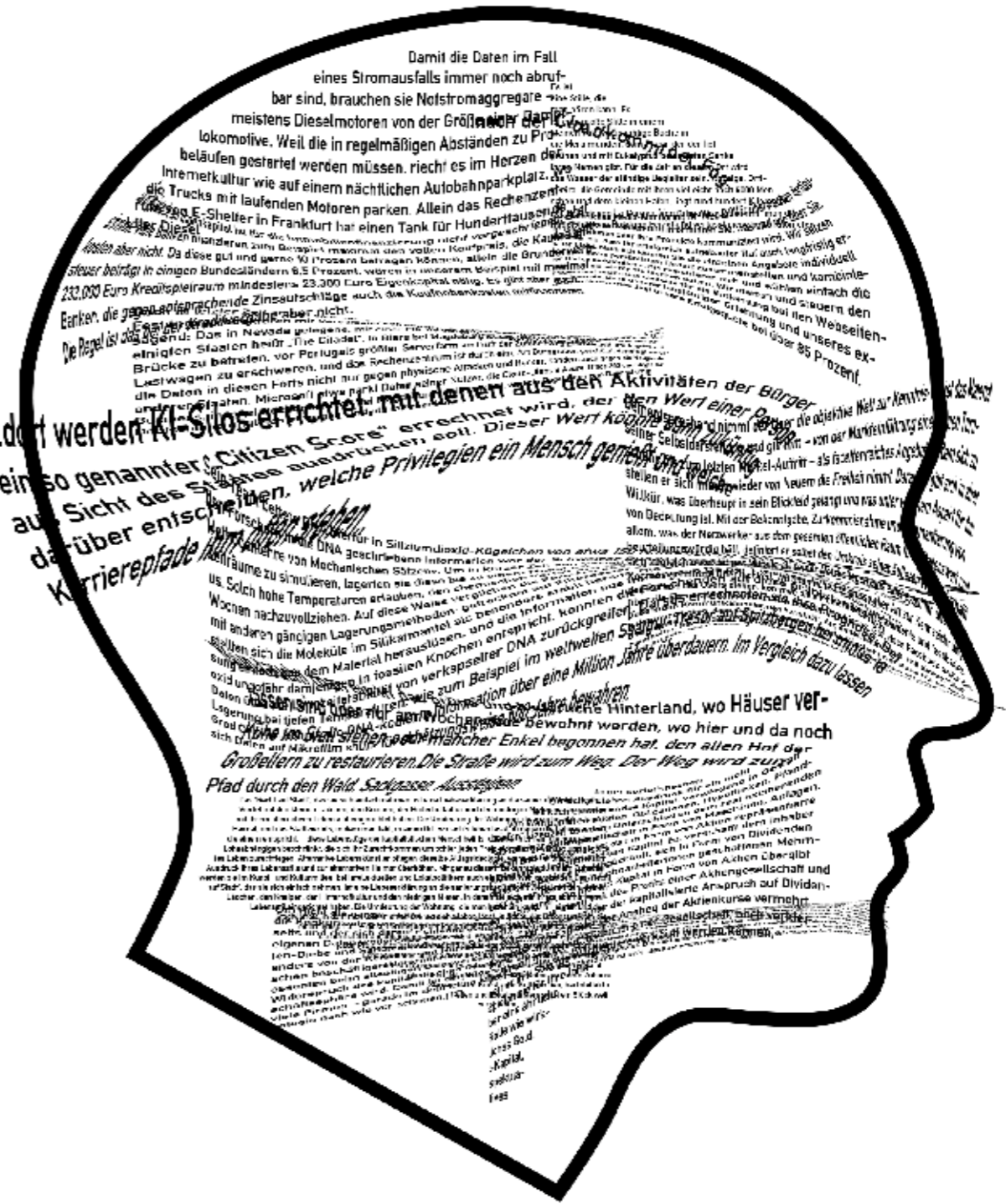


Der Text  
ist der Mond









In conservation and energy economics, the rebound effect (or take-back effect, RE) is the reduction in expected gains from new technologies that increase the efficiency of resource use, because behavioral or other systematic responses to the efficiency gains offset the beneficial effects. How big is the rebound effect? These responses may be larger, smaller, or in fact offset the beneficial effect. We review the empirical literature on energy efficiency improvements in energy consumption. The rebound effect also can be applied to the use of labor. We review the empirical literature by which users of labor express a ratio of total factor productivity to the effect of the environmental variables associated with consumption. We review the empirical literature on the prevalence of rebound effects. We review the empirical literature on the prevalence of rebound effects outside of energy efficiency. We review the empirical literature on the prevalence of rebound effects in other areas of energy efficiency. We review the empirical literature on the prevalence of rebound effects in other areas of energy efficiency.

what all his net activity was directed towards. He was a man of few words, but his actions spoke volumes. He had a quiet strength, a resilience that was not easily broken. His life was a testament to the human spirit, a story of perseverance and triumph. His legacy lives on in the hearts of those who knew him, a reminder of the power of the human will.

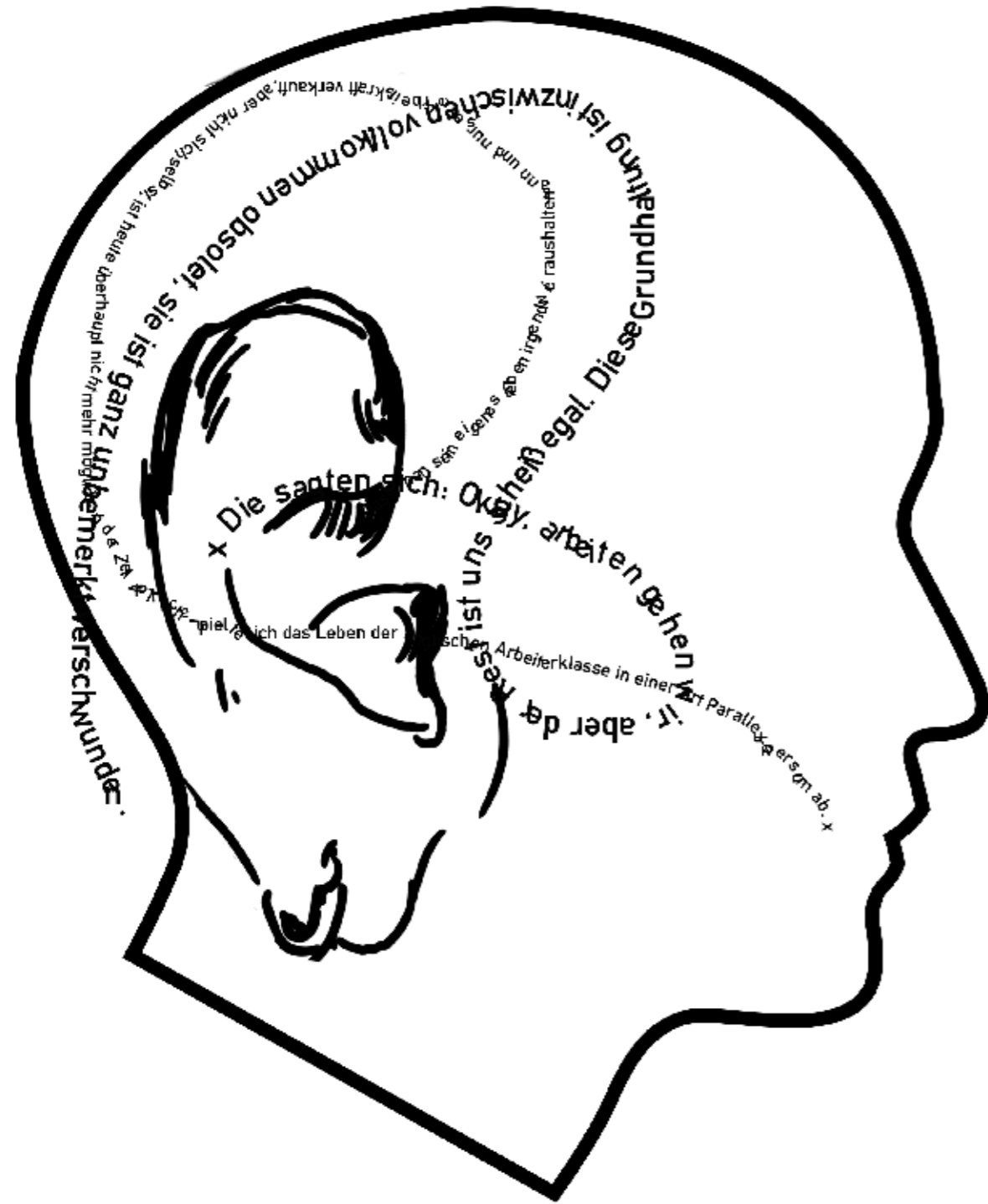
The freedom to choose one's path is a precious commodity in a world of increasing constraints. It allows individuals to explore their passions, to learn from their mistakes, and to grow as a person. This freedom is the bedrock of a society that values individuality and innovation. It is the spark that ignites progress and the catalyst for personal and societal advancement.

For example, that are allowed to run on a wheel... theory that... Being an owner... Worker on... Upon which... arrangements... theory stresses... into competing... relative political power... nature of the economic system...

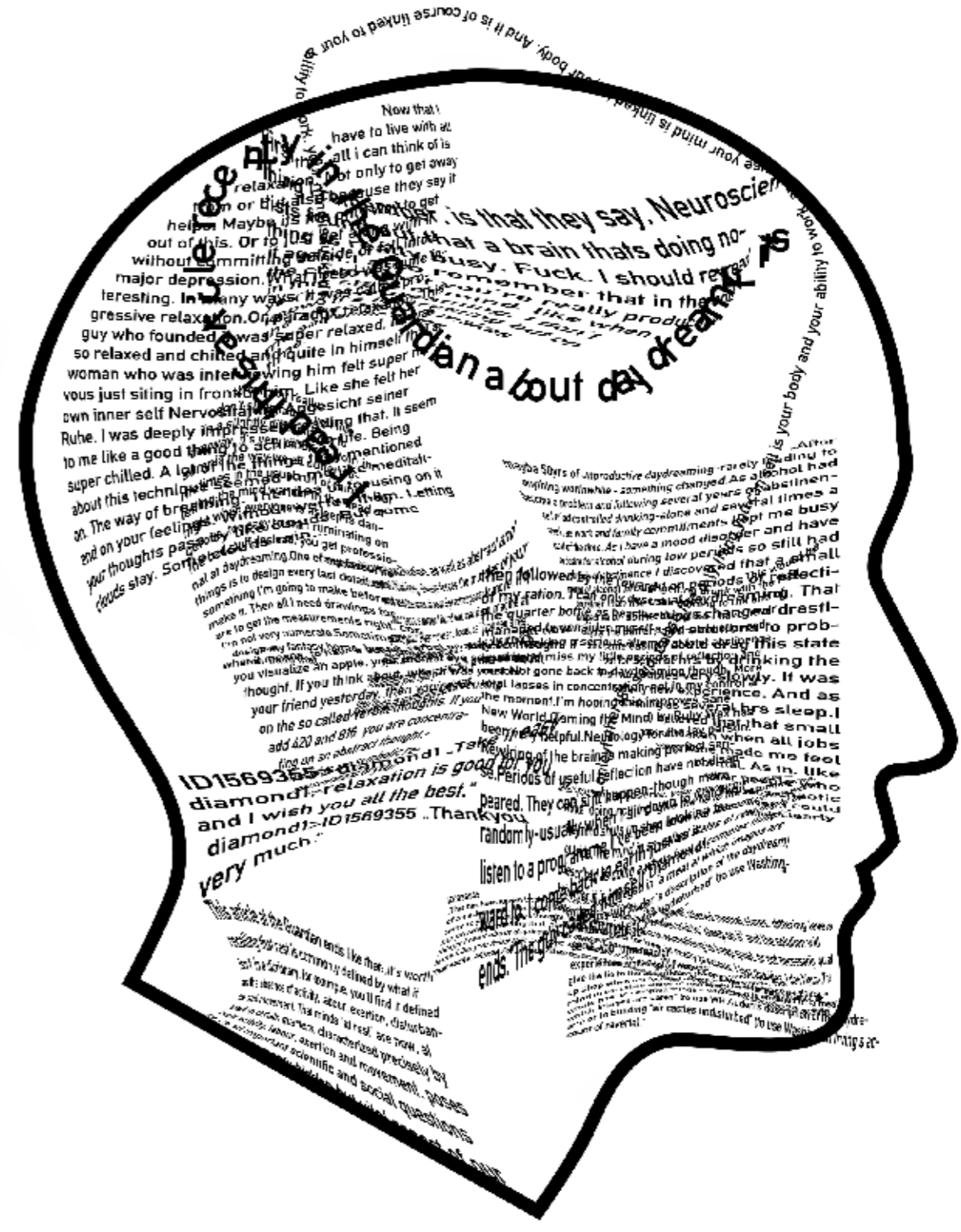
...the risk of... Along with... the risk of... system... disease... 2-fold... with job strain... labor jobs... se compared... Along with... the risk of... system... disease... 2-fold... with job strain... labor jobs... se compared...

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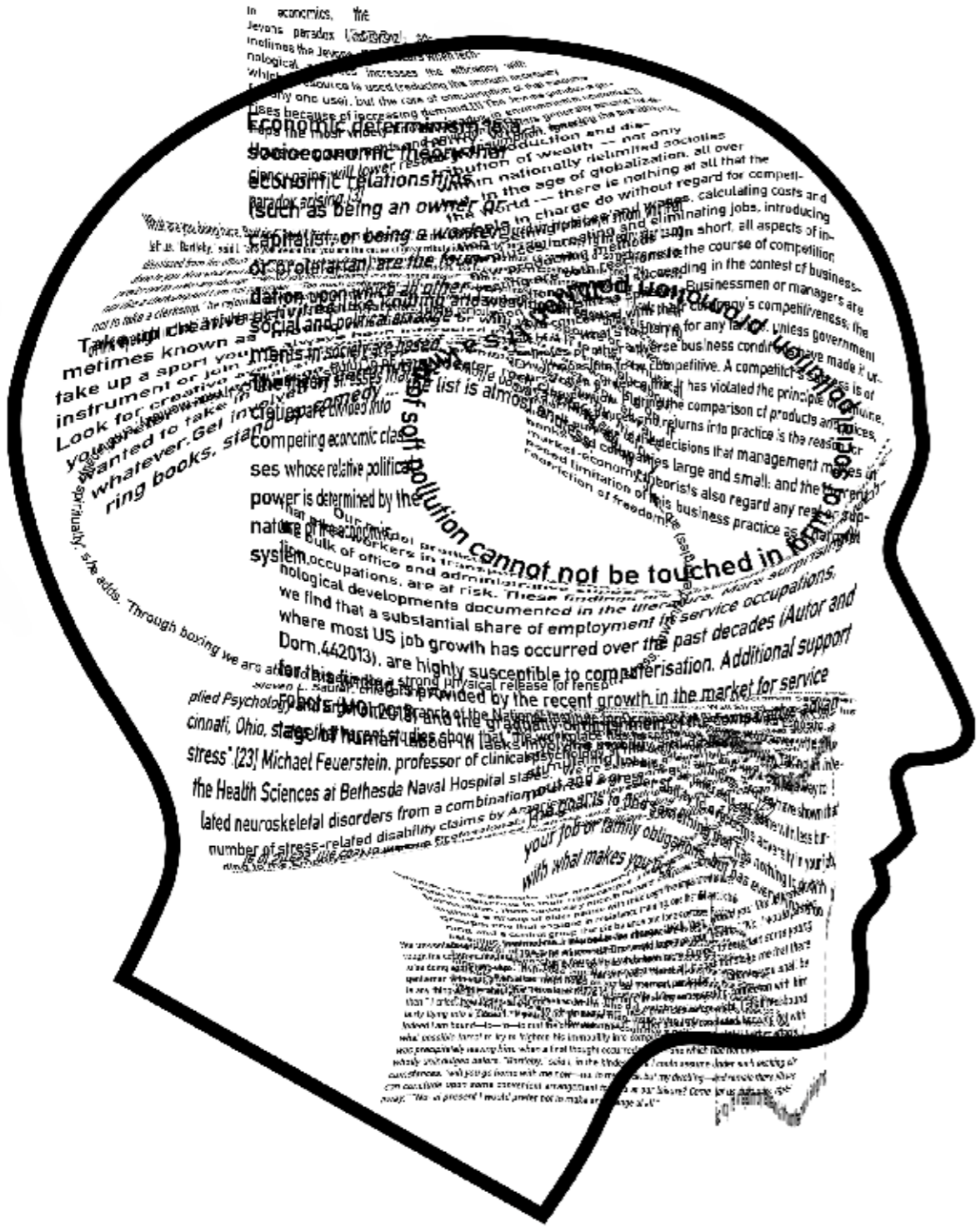
On a rainy day in March 1987 Braam Fuuuns registered into the Hospital of Otolaryngology and Head and Neck Surgery in the City of Sain saying that his ear canal was tickling. Rather than kicking him out of the hospital, Dr. Kyauta Aboubacar investigated the man's ear and made a fascinating discovery. Mr. Fuuuns had a tiny spider in his ear canal. And not one of those tiny, unexceptional arachnids. This little bastard had four eyes, was full of hair, and had thorns that the specialists dreaded it would delve into the man's ear if disturbed. They estimated that the spider had crawled into his ear for shelter as Mr. Fuuuns had sex, 13 days earlier. To take it out, they loaded his ear with a special mixture of coconut oil, traditional herbs and pepper, which successfully forced the animal to leave the organ.



... die Bereiche Kraft verkauft, aber nicht sie selbst, ist heute überhaupt nicht mehr bemerkenswert.  
... und nur ein bisschen anders.  
... Die letzten sind OKAY. arbeiten gehen...  
... ist ein bisschen egal. Diese Grundhaltung ist inzwischen vollkommen obsolet, sie ist ganz unmerklich verschunden.  
... dass es irgendwie nicht mehr...  
... ist in einer Paradoxie...  
... die letzten sind OKAY. arbeiten gehen...  
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... dass es irgendwie nicht mehr...  
... ist in einer Paradoxie...



... your body and your ability to work...  
... And it is of course linked to your ability to...  
... is that they say, Neuroscience...  
... a brain that's doing no...  
... Busy. Fuck. I should relax...  
... remember that in the...  
... really produce...  
... I like when...  
... Now that I have to live with all...  
... all I can think of is...  
... or only to get away...  
... because they say it...  
... help. Maybe it's better to get...  
... out of this. Or to...  
... without committing...  
... major depression...  
... interesting. In many ways...  
... progressive relaxation. On a...  
... guy who founded...  
... was super relaxed...  
... so relaxed and chatted...  
... woman who was interesting...  
... you just sitting in front...  
... his own inner self. Nervous...  
... Ruhe. I was deeply into...  
... to me like a good thing...  
... super chilled. A...  
... about this technique...  
... on. The way of feeling...  
... your thoughts pass...  
... clouds stay. Some...  
... after followed by...  
... of my ration...  
... the quarter...  
... when I...  
... you visualize an apple...  
... thought. If you think...  
... your friend yesterday...  
... on the so called...  
... add 420 and 816...  
... line on an abstract...  
... diamond: ID1569355...  
... relaxation is good for you...  
... and I wish you all the best...  
... diamond: ID1569355.. Thank you...  
... very much...  
... listen to a pro...  
... ended...  
... Periods of useful...  
... Paired. They can...  
... randomly-usual...  
... ends...  
... New World...  
... of the brain...  
... Paired. They can...  
... randomly-usual...  
... listen to a pro...  
... ended...  
... Periods of useful...  
... Paired. They can...  
... randomly-usual...  
... ends...



in economics, the

Jevons paradox (Jevons, 1865) explains the Jevons paradox, which states that as technology improves, the efficiency with which resources are used (reducing the amount of resources needed for any one unit), but the rate of consumption of those resources increases because of increasing efficiency. The paradox is named after the most famous example, which is the increase in coal consumption in the mid-19th century.

Economic determinants of health

Socioeconomic inequalities

The paradox of being an owner

The list is almost

Soft pollution cannot not be touched in

Additional support

your job or family obligations

with what makes you

the list is almost

soft pollution cannot not be touched in

Additional support

your job or family obligations

with what makes you

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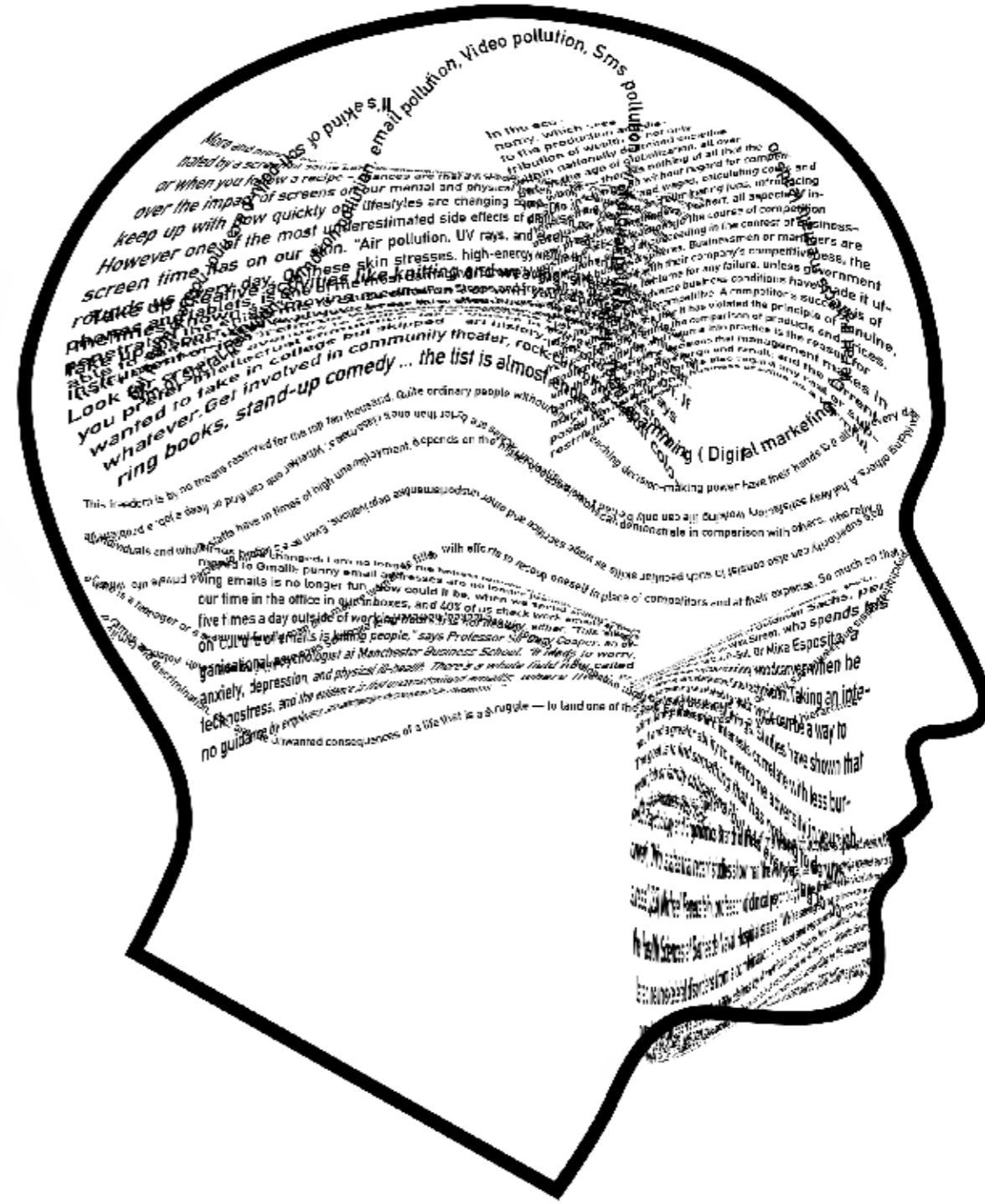
Additional support

your job or family obligations

with what makes you

the list is almost

soft pollution cannot not be touched in



Most end-users pay for

email pollution, Video pollution, Sms pollution

Screen time

How long it takes to pay for

The list is almost

Soft pollution cannot not be touched in

Additional support

your job or family obligations

with what makes you

the list is almost

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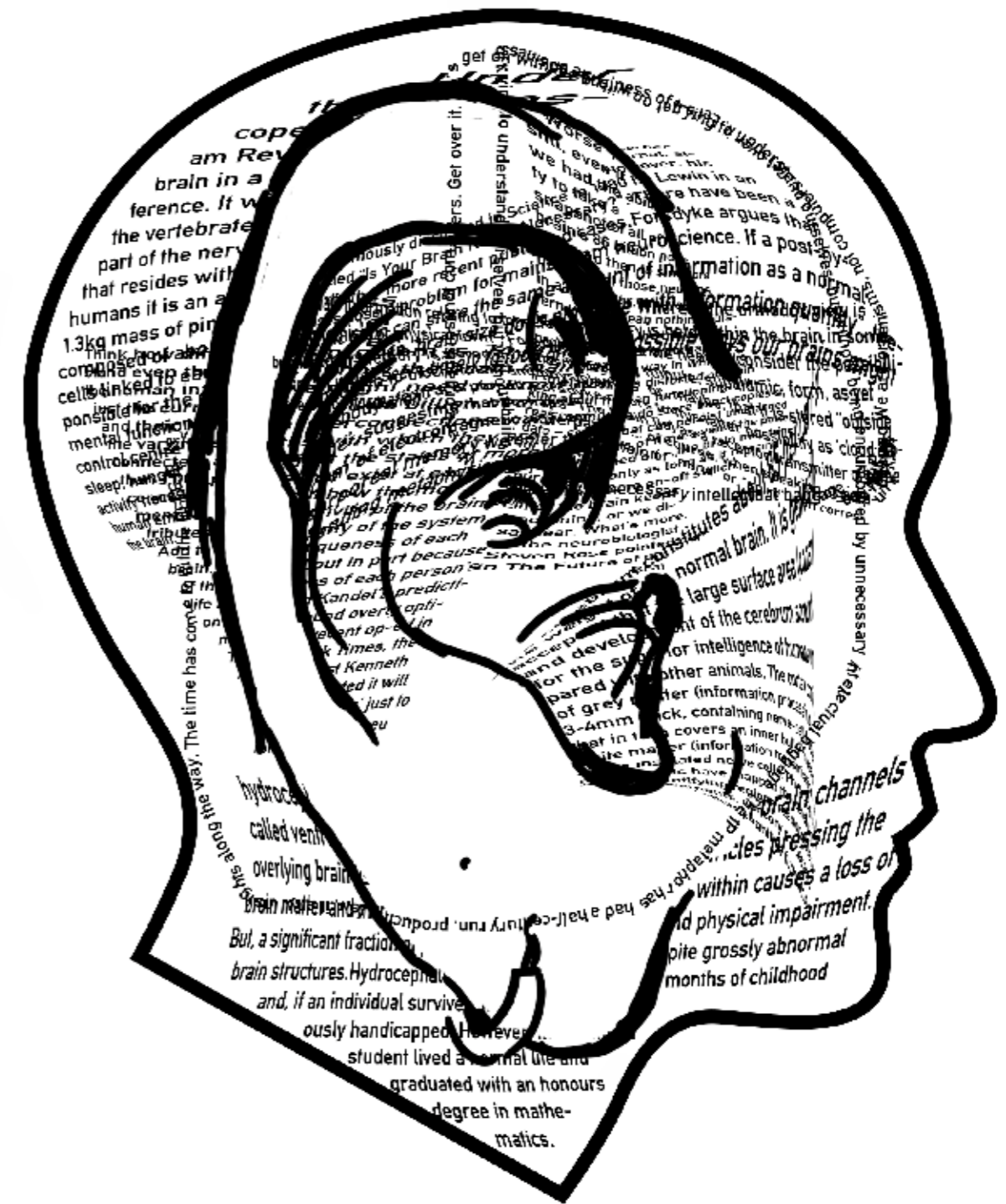
Additional support

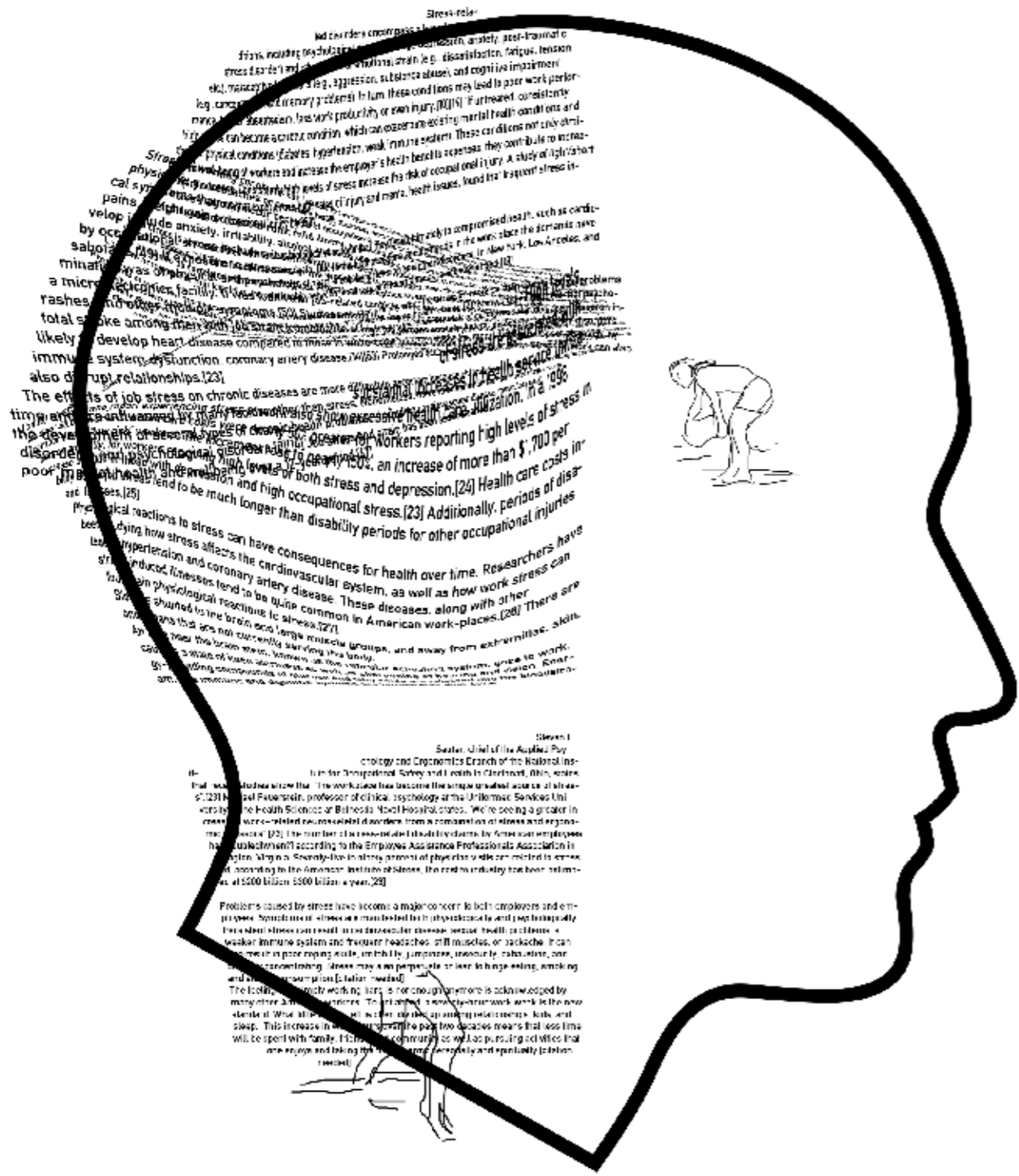
your job or family obligations



Henri J. Sjöström was having some trouble with the vision in his left eye. As well as it was becoming increasingly blurred, there were two dull spots continually in sight. He said it was like looking through a sloppy focal point. His English wasn't too good. As he was extremely afraid of losing his vision, he went seeing a specialist, Dr. Idowu Fungai. Dr. Fungai wasn't able to find out what's wrong, but after examining close-ups of Henri's eye he understood that there was a tiny, little bird living there. Very little is known about that kind of birds, as there have just been 15 known cases like this, yet what is known isn't extremely wonderful. The bird is ingested somehow, and after that starts to travel from the stomach through the individual's tissue, moving as far as possible up to their eye or cerebrum. The bird then survives by eating the person's retina. Despite his vision being blurred, he could see the bird flying around in his eye. Dr. Fungai finally figured out how to execute the worm utilizing a laser. Henri is now doing exercises to restore his sight and is afraid of birds.

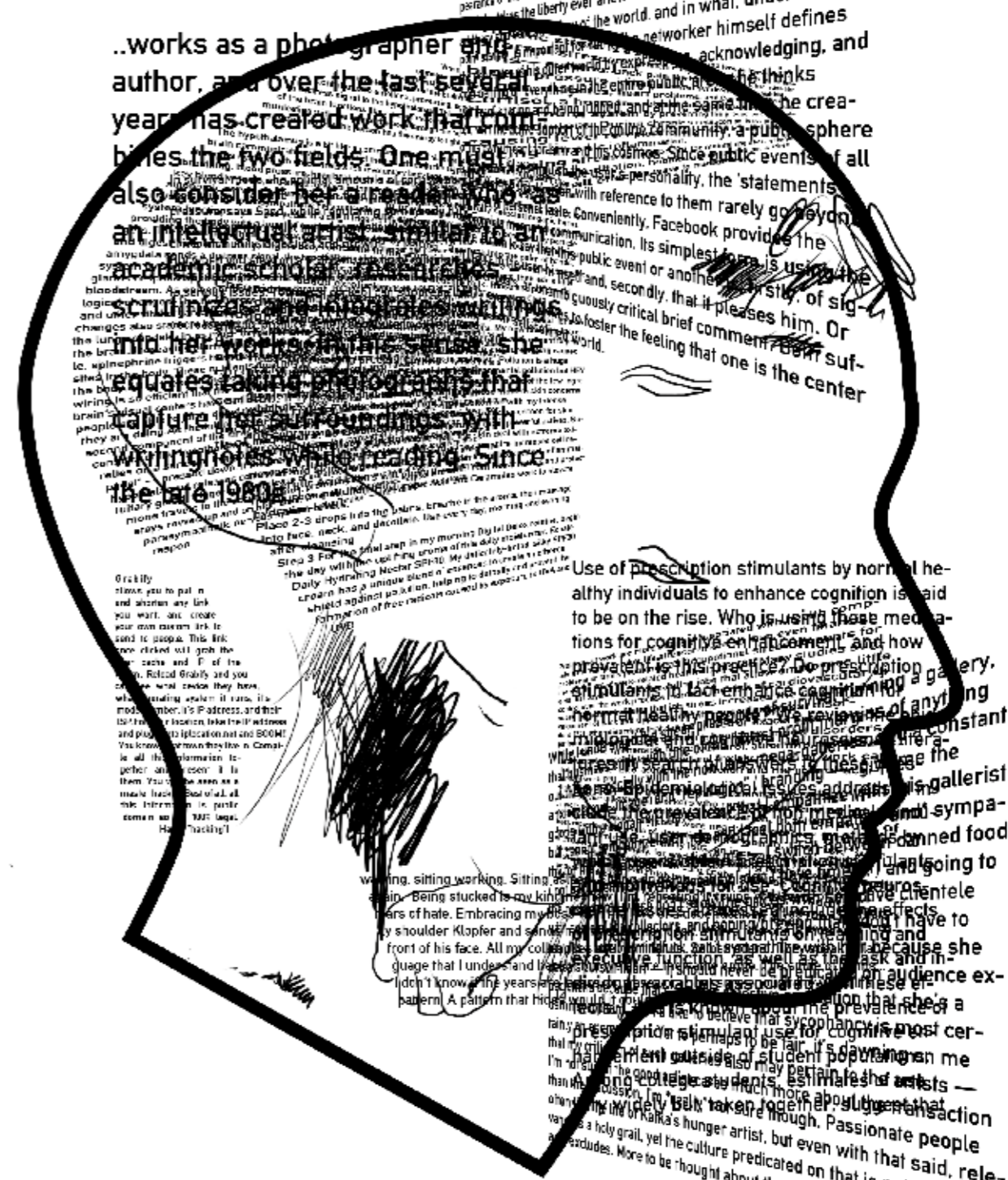
Efthalia Efiti was just 17 when a MRI check showed a serious and difficult-to-remove tumor in her brain. Efiti went to a hospital in Kiribati suffering from some quite stressing manifestations, for example, trouble balancing, gulping, and deadness. There was no other option than to attempt a risky operation. It was then that her specialist made a fascinating and horrifying diagnosis. Efthalia had a living plant in her mind. Although horrifying, this was actually better than having a tumor. At some point, Efthalia must have been fallen asleep in one of the contaminated areas. Over 20 percent of the neurology offices in Kiribati have seen cases like this one.





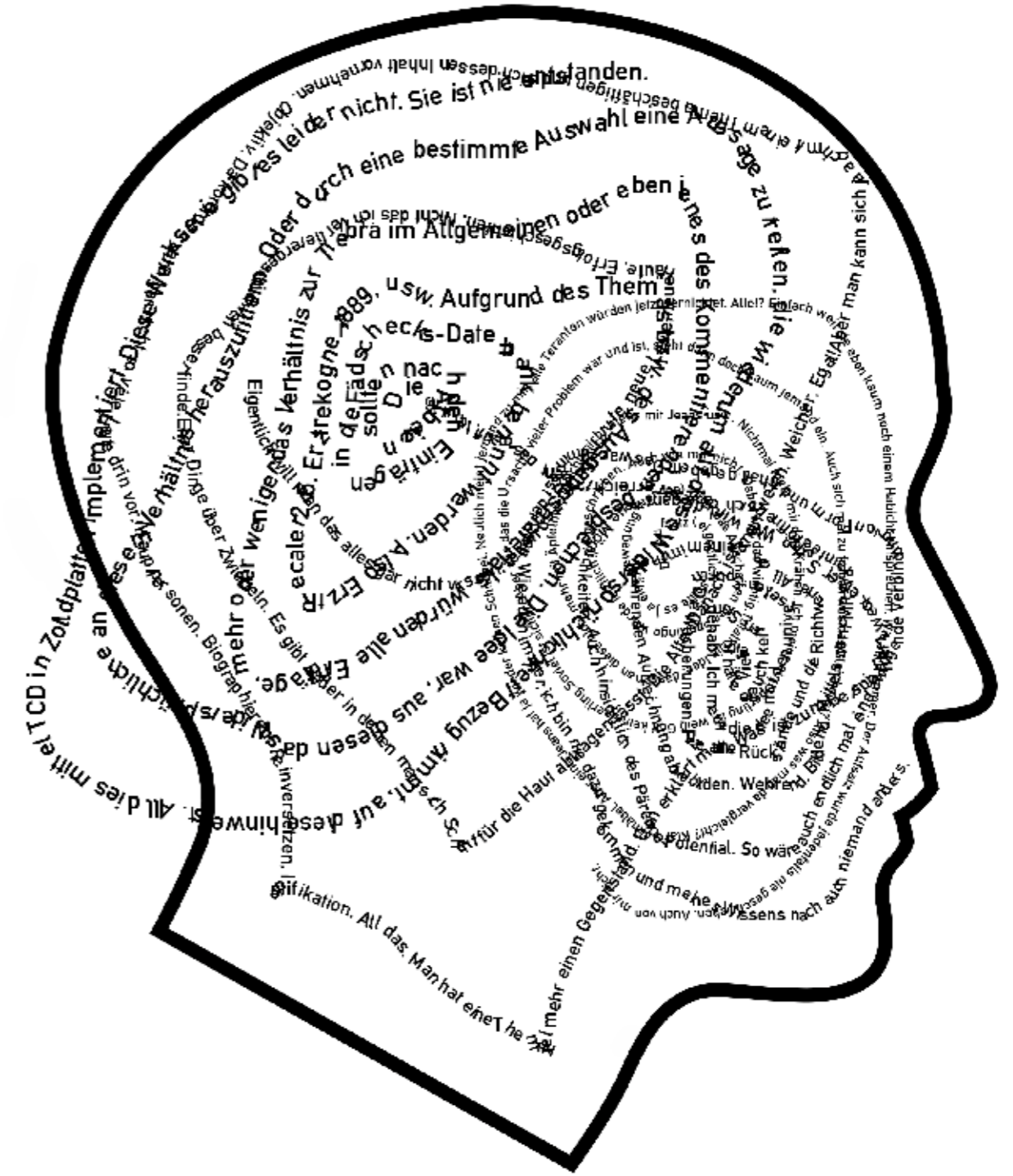
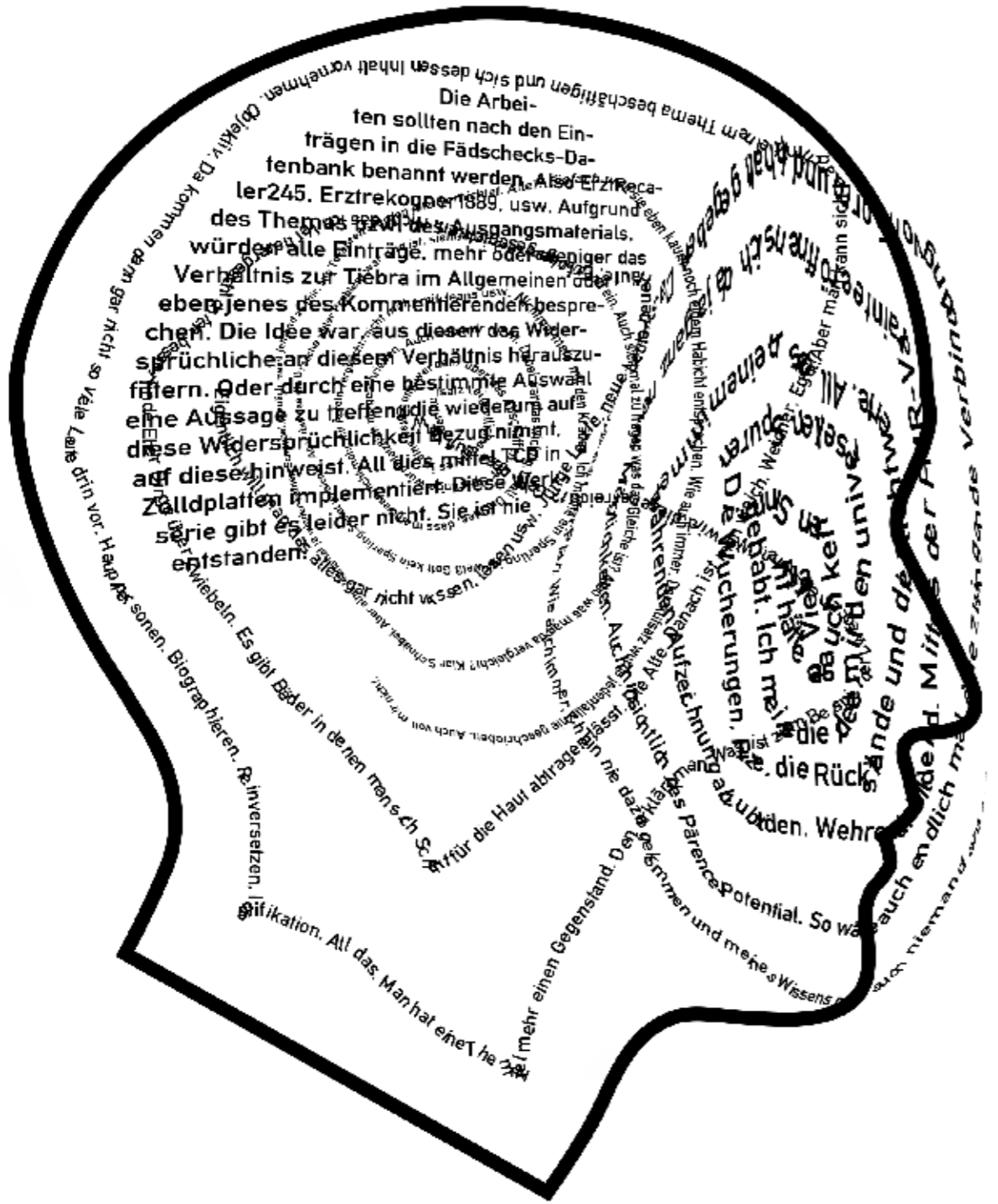
Stress-related conditions such as depression, anxiety, post-traumatic stress disorder, and substance abuse, in addition to cardiovascular disease, hypertension, diabetes, asthma, and cognitive impairment, are common in workers with high levels of occupational stress. In fact, these conditions may lead to poor work performance, absenteeism, and even injury. (21) If untreated, consistently high levels of stress can become a chronic condition, which can exacerbate existing mental health conditions and lead to physical conditions such as hypertension, weak immune system. These conditions not only diminish productivity but also increase the employer's health care costs. A study of light-duty workers and increase the employer's health care costs. A study of light-duty workers and increase the employer's health care costs. A study of light-duty workers and increase the employer's health care costs.

Problems caused by stress have become a major concern for both employers and employees. Symptoms of stress are manifested both physically and psychologically. Excessive stress can result in a weakened immune system, stiff muscles, or headache. It can also lead to poor coping skills, irritability, impatience, increased risk-taking, and decreased concentration. Stress may also perpetuate or lead to binge eating, smoking, and other unhealthy behaviors. (22) The toll of stress on workers is not enough, however, is acknowledged by many stress management experts. To get a better understanding of the new demands of work, stress management experts are studying the effects of stress on sleep. This increase in stress levels has led to a decrease in the amount of time spent with family. It has also led to a decrease in the amount of time spent with family. It has also led to a decrease in the amount of time spent with family.



..works as a photographer and author, and over the last several years has created work that combines the two fields. One might also consider her a reader who is an intellectual artist similar to an academic. She has been published in her work in the sense she equates taking photographs that capture her surroundings with writing while reading since the late 1980s.

Use of prescription stimulants by normal healthy individuals to enhance cognition is said to be on the rise. Who is using these medications for cognitive enhancement and how prevalent is this practice? Do prescription stimulants to enhance cognitive performance in healthy people have any of the same effects as the stimulants used by athletes? This is the focus of a new study by researchers at the University of California, San Diego. The study found that the use of prescription stimulants in healthy individuals can lead to a decrease in the amount of time spent with family. It has also led to a decrease in the amount of time spent with family.

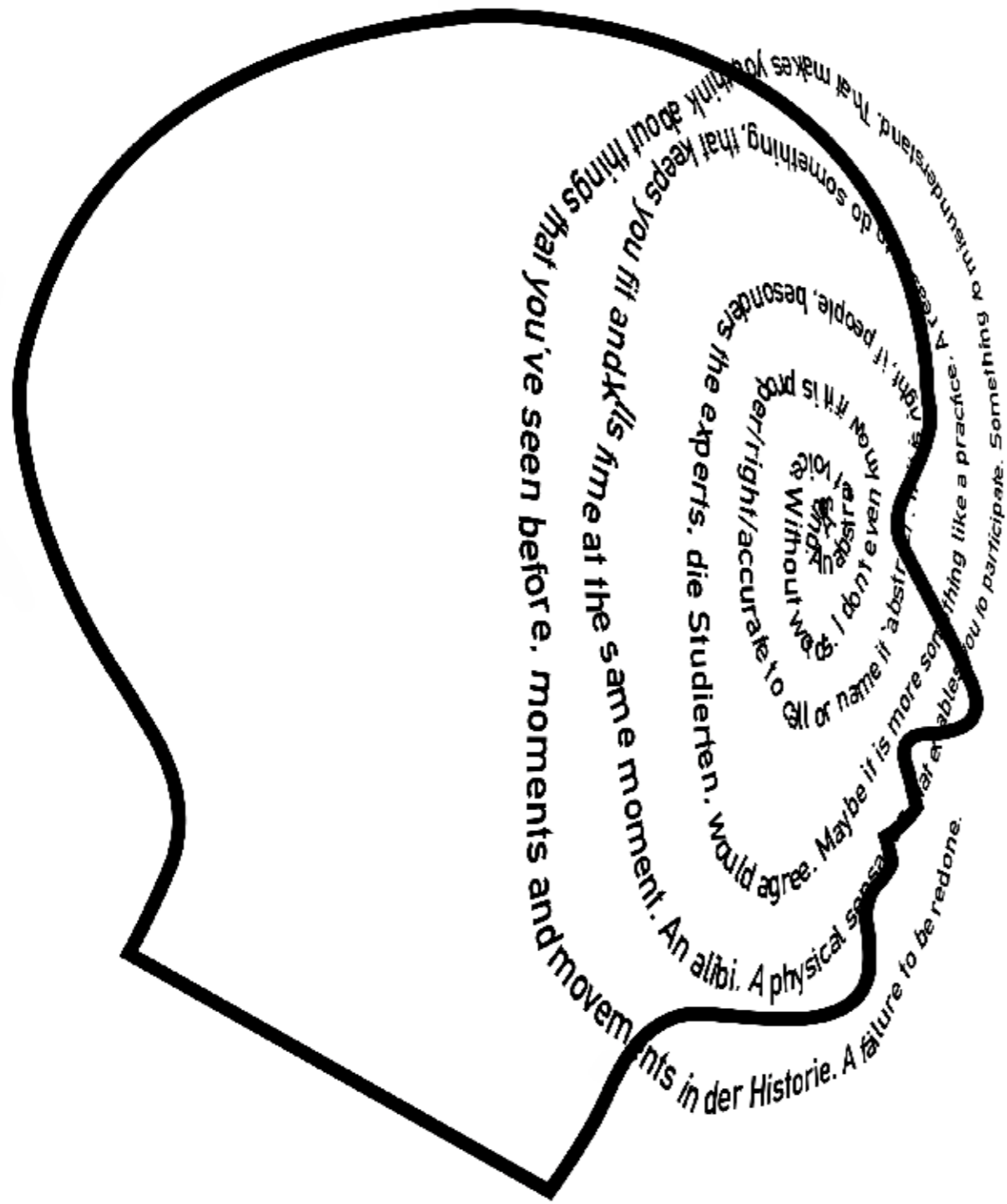


*He was lying down inside a fish. As he was quite small he could easily fit inside a sea bream or sea bass. The surroundings were beautiful and he had a perfect view. There was a pine grove, olive trees, palm trees. Trees he couldn't name. One more beautiful than the other. Candles were melting in the sun. It was the kind of view that other people painted. He covered himself with fish bones, as if they were a blanket. The inside of the fish was slimy and warm. Since the fish was still alive, it didn't really smell. While looking at the sky in the ground in front of him, he desperately tried to fall asleep.*

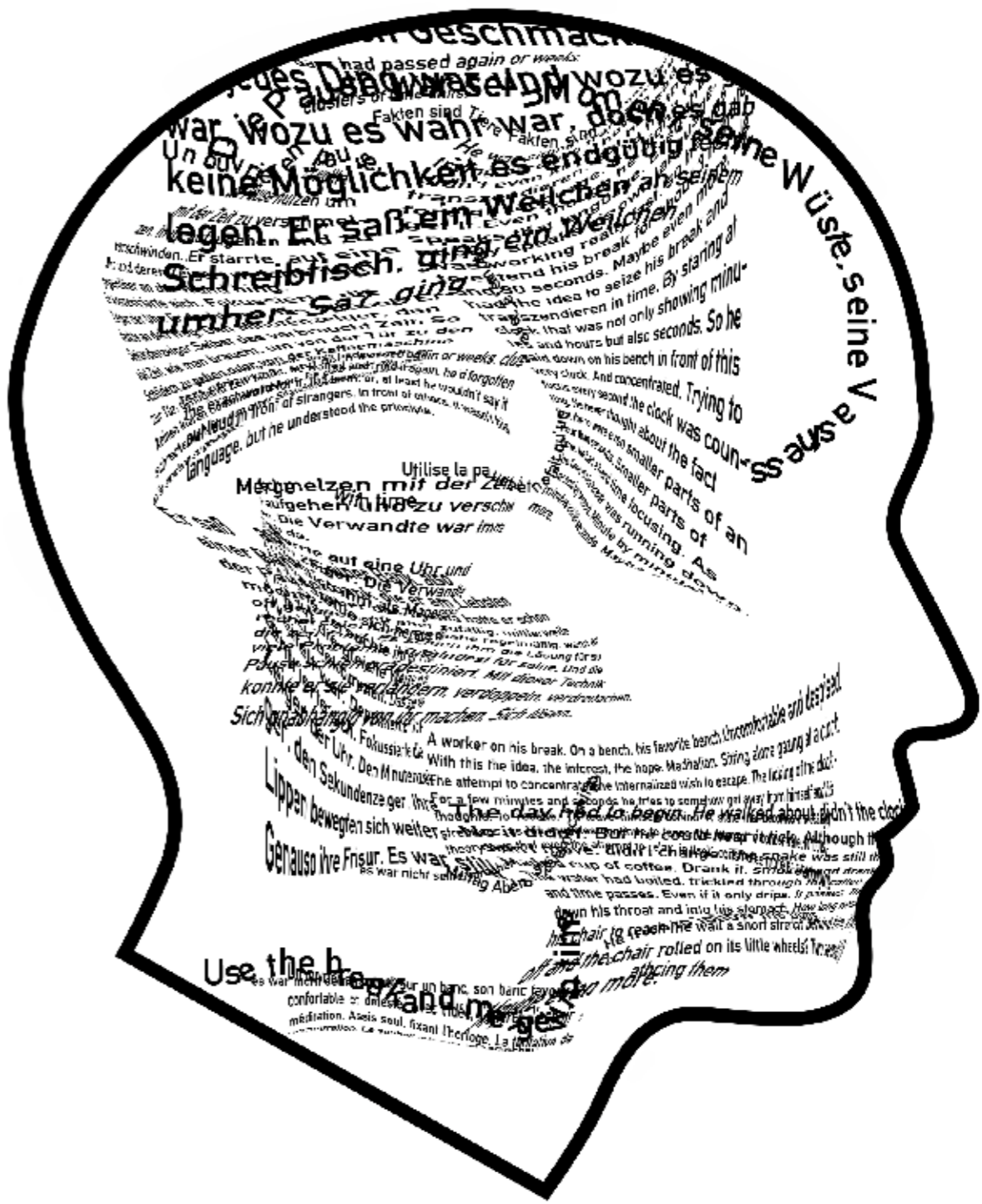
*Nights in the intestine were the most beautiful. It was so long that you had enough space even if you weren't alone inside the animal. Sometimes one animal would sleep 4 or 6. Most were used to smaller animals. Almost everyone had slept inside an animal before. It was no longer anything special, nothing extraordinary. It was a way to save costs, to lower them and share with others. It was a compromise.*

*He mostly slept inside sea bream, sometimes also tuna. Sprats were too small. Salmon were the most comfortable, but he always had a bad feeling about it, because they were so contaminated. He had read somewhere that they were the most polluted fish in the world. What a shame! In addition, the aquaculture also messed with their dialect. The feed changed their flesh. It wore down faster than their ancestors' and quickly became rough and less fluffy.*

*The lack of movement or the absence of their natural hunting behavior turned their innards rigid. Everything was stiffer and somehow more industrial. almost like plastic. Maybe it was also just a figment of the imagination. Their whole origin, their growth, everything that one associated with the usual insides of a salmon was, as a result of aquaculture, no longer.*



...had passed again or words  
...Fakten sind  
...war wozu es wahr war, aber es gab  
keine Möglichkeit, es endgültig seine  
legen. Er saßen, welchen an seinem  
Schreibtisch, ging er, während  
umher, sah ging, und  
...Wüste, seine  
...Use the hand  
...and more  
...the chair rolled on its little wheels  
...attaching them



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Robert Brambora lebt und arbeitet.  
*Robert Brambora lives and works.*

Die Texte in diesem Heft entstammen verschiedenen Quellen.  
Wissenschaftliche Studien, Zeitungsartikel, Blogbeiträge.  
Fiktion und persönliche Notizen.

*The texts in this textbook are based on the research of the artist.  
Scientific studies, newspaper articles, blog entries as well as  
fiction and private notes.*

Danke R. Für L. Oder andersherum.  
*Thanks R. For L. Or the other way round.*



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**as it is and as it should be**  
Textbook no. 31

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**wie sie ist und wie sie sein sollte**  
Heft 31

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